

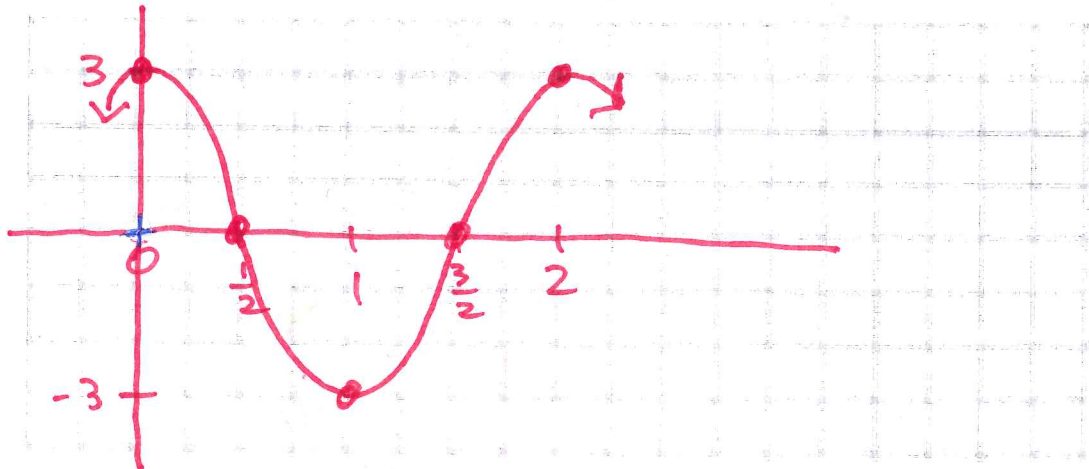
Find the amplitude and the period of the graph of the function.

1. $y = \sin 4x$ amplitude: 1 period $\frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$
2. $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos 3x$ amplitude: $\frac{1}{2}$ period $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
3. $y = 2 \sin 2\pi x$ amplitude: 2 period $\frac{2\pi}{2\pi} = 1$
4. $y = 4 \cos \frac{\pi}{4} x$ amplitude: 4 period $\frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = 2\pi \cdot \frac{4}{\pi} = 8$

Graph the function: Clearly show the points you plotted to create the graph.

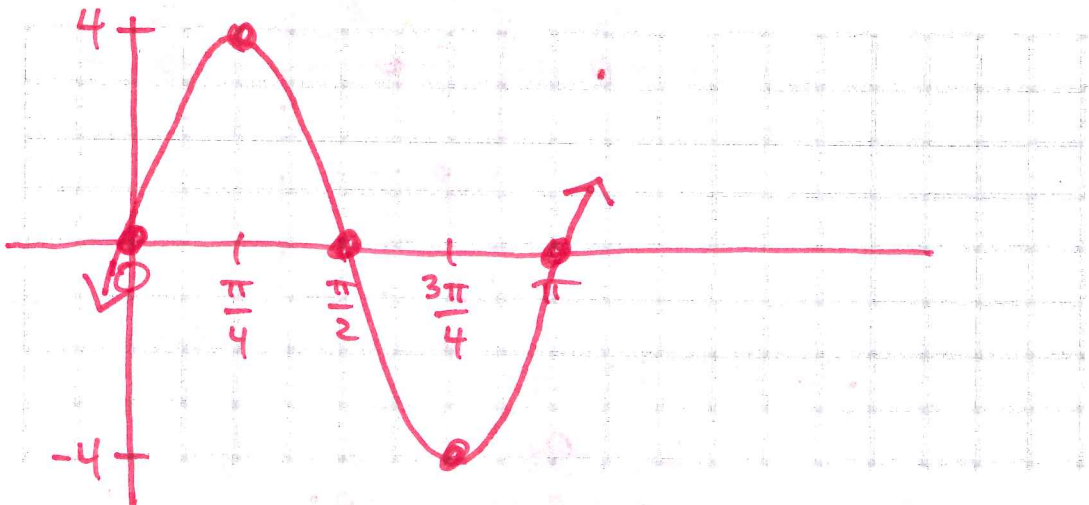
5. $y = 3 \cos \pi x$

Amp = 3
Per = $\frac{2\pi}{\pi} = 2$



6. $y = 4 \sin 2x$

Amp = 4
Per = $\frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi$



7. $y = 3 \cos(x - \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2$

Parent: $y = 3 \cos x$

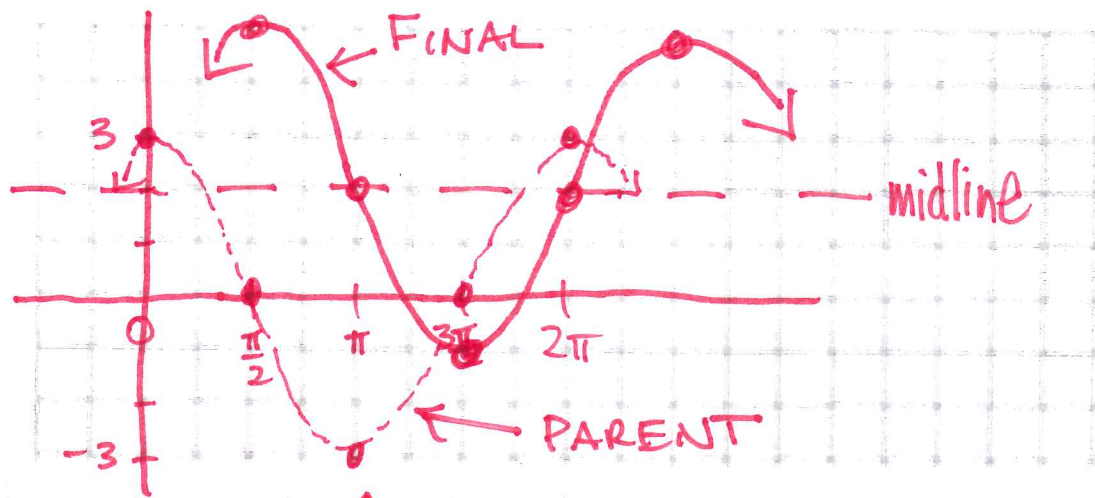
Amp: 3

Per: 2π

$\frac{\pi}{2}$ right

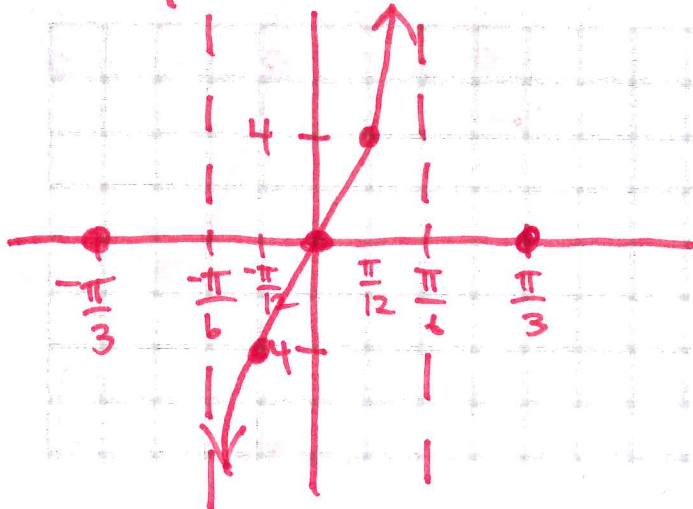
2 up

midline: $y = 2$



8. $y = 4 \tan 3x$

Period: $\frac{\pi}{3}$

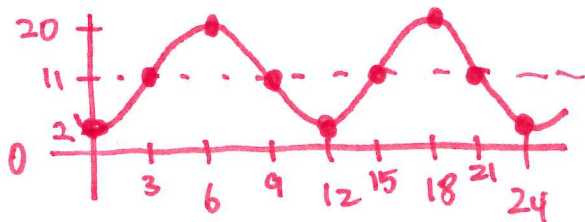


9. Write an equation of the graph of $y = 4 \sin x$ translated up 5 units and left $\frac{\pi}{2}$ units.

$y = 4 \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 5$

10. The depth of the ocean in a certain location at low tide and high tide varies between 2 feet and 20 feet. Each height is reached twice during the day.

a) Sketch and label a graph to represent the situation beginning at low tide and continuing for 1 day.



Optional -
Will be extra
Credit.

b. Identify the amplitude and period of your graph.

Amplitude = $\frac{20-2}{2} = \frac{18}{2} = 9$

Period = 12 hours

c. Using $\sin x$, write a function model for this situation. Why is $\sin x$ the most logical choice?

$y = -9 \cos(\frac{\pi}{6}x) + 11$